

WIN SECURITIES LIMITED (the Borrower)

REPORT TO THE TRUSTEE QUARTER ENDED 30th June 2018

Pursuant to the provisions of the Corporations Act and the Debenture Trust Deed dated 1 December 1999, we herewith provide our report for above quarter in relation to WIN Securities Limited.

Report pursuant to Section 283BF of the Corporations Act.

- a) The Borrower confirms that there has been no failure by the Borrower or any guarantor to comply with the terms of the debentures or the provisions of the Trust Deed or Chapter 2L of the Corporations Act during the quarter.
[Sec 283BF4(4)(a)]
- b) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has had no events during the quarter that have caused or could cause one or more of the following:
 - (i) any amount deposited or lent under the debentures to become immediately payable;
 - (ii) the debentures to become immediately enforceable;
 - (iii) any other right or remedy under the terms of the debenture or provisions of the Trust Deed to become immediately enforceable.*[Sec 283BF(4)(b)]*
- c) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has not had any circumstances that have occurred during the quarter that materially prejudice:
 - (i) the Borrower, any of its subsidiaries, or any of the guarantors; or
 - (ii) any security or charge included in or created by the debentures or the Trust Deed.*[Sec283BF(4)(c)]*
- d) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower, its subsidiaries and guarantors have not had any substantial change in the nature of their business during the quarter.
[Sec 283BF(4)(d)]
- e) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower remains focused on its principal activities of Issuing Debentures, Mortgage lending and other Investments as permitted under the above Trust Deed.
- f) The Borrower confirms that none of the following has happened to the Borrower during the quarter:
 - (i) the appointment of a guarantor;
 - (ii) the cessation of liability of a guarantor body for the payment of the whole or part of the money for which it was liable under the guarantee;
 - (iii) a change in name of a guarantor.*[Sec 283BF(4)(e)]*
- g) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has not created a new charge during the quarter.
[Sec 283BE, Clause 10.2]

- h) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has no amounts outstanding on any advances at the end of the quarter from a charge created where:
- (i) the total amount to be advanced on the security of the charge is indeterminate; and
 - (ii) the advances are merged in a current account with bankers, trade creditors or anyone else.

[Sec 283BF(4)(f) and Sec 283BE]

- i) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has not experienced any matters that may materially prejudice any security or the interest of debenture holders.

[Sec 283BF(4)(g)]

- j) The Borrower confirms that during the quarter the following amounts have been deposited with or lent to a related body corporate: NOT APPLICABLE

(Company A)	A.C.N. (number)	\$
(Company B)	A.C.N. (number)	\$
(Company C)	A.C.N. (number)	\$

[Sec 283BF(5)(a)]

- k) The Borrower confirms that the total amount of money owing to the Borrower at the end of the above quarter in respect of the deposits or loans to related body corporate are as follows: -NOT APPLICABLE-

(Company A)	A.C.N. (number)	\$
(Company B)	A.C.N. (number)	\$
(Company C)	A.C.N. (number)	\$

[Sec 283BF(5)(b)]

- l) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has not assumed any liability for a related body corporate during the quarter. If a liability is assumed for the quarter please provide details of the extent of the liability during the quarter and the extent of the liability at the end of the quarter.

[Sec 283BF(6)]

- m) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has issued the following securities:

	This Quarter \$	Total \$
Value of Securities issued	2,732,281.62	47,313,118.18
Value of Securities maturing within 12 months	-	44,263,500.69
Value of Securities maturing beyond 12 months	-	3,049,617.49

[Clause 9.06(a)]

	APRIL	MAY	JUNE
Balance as at start of month	44,580,836.56	44,822,067.18	46,213,919.91
Credit Entries	739,998.53	2,125,779.52	2,098,473.89
Debit Entries	498,767.91	733,926.79	999,275.62
Balance as at end of month	44,822,067.18	46,213,919.91	47,313,118.18

- n) The Borrower confirms that the Trust Deed:
- i) covenants;
 - ii) representations; and
 - iii) warranties
- are in full force and effect and have been complied with.
[Trust Deed]
- o) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has provided to the Trustee, a copy of all:
- i) reports;
 - ii) accounts;
 - iii) notices; and
 - iv) circulars
- sent by the Borrower or any Directors to its members, debenture holders or ASIC at the same time that it has sent the same.
[Clause 6.08(i)]
- p) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has lent all monies within the permitted lending policies determined under the Security and Risk Assessment section in the Prospectus.
[Prospectus, Section 6.7]
- q) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has complied at all times with the requirements of Chapter 6CA (dealing with continuous disclosure) of the Corporations Act 2001 and no circumstances arose during the quarter that required the Borrower to issue a supplementary prospectus or issue a continuous disclosure notice.
- r) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower continues to meet the minimum requirements of the borrowing Limitations. *[Clause 8.01, 8.04 & 9.07(b)(i)]*
- s) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has not exceeded the LVR of any loan as published in the current prospectus or, if not published, in the abovementioned Debenture Trust Deed, unless arising from a default.
- t) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has provided to the Trustee a Six Monthly Report of the Auditor within the specified timeframe.
[Clause 9.05]
- u) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower has made all interest and principal payments to debenture holders when they fell due.
[Clause 9.06(a)]
- v) The Borrower confirms that the Borrower and its subsidiaries have not sustained any material trading or capital loss, trading as a group.
[Clause 9.07(b)(vii)]

ASIC Regulatory Guide 69: Debentures – improving disclosure for retail investors

gg) The Borrower confirms that it has made all necessary disclosures against the benchmarks in its disclosure documents and all disclosures remain true and correct.

NO MATERIAL EVENTS HAVE OCCURRED THAT HAVE CHANGED THE ORIGINAL DISCLOSURES MADE IN OUR PROSPECTUS DATED 7 DECEMBER 2017.

hh) The Borrower confirms that it continues to meet all benchmarks that the Borrower has stated in disclosure documents that it meets.

REFER TO ANNEXURE A

ii) The Borrower confirms that where the Borrower has disclosed that it does not meet the benchmarks on an "if not, why not" basis, the disclosure the Borrower has made continues to be correct and accurate in all material respects and is not misleading.

jj) The Borrower confirms that hereunder details the "promises" (as referred to, for instance, in RG69.118) it has made in disclosure documents it has issued and confirms that it has complied with each of the promises it has made in those disclosure documents:

THE DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT OF THE BORROWER DOES NOT MAKE "PROMISES". THE DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT DATED 7 DECEMBER 2017 MAKES FACTUAL STATEMENTS AND REMAINS UNCHANGED AS AT THE DATE OF THIS DECLARATION.

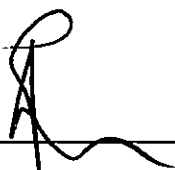
kk) The Borrower confirms that its use of the term "Secured Notes" rather than "Unsecured Notes" is in accordance with the requirements so specified in the above ASIC Class Order and further confirm that the Secured Notes are first ranking.

Annexure "A" provides disclosure as to whether or not the Borrower has met each of the benchmarks outlined in ASIC Regulatory Guide 69: Debentures – improving disclosure for retail investors.

Annexure "B" provides disclosure of the investment portfolio.


On the basis of the above, the directors declare that they are of the view that the financial position and performance of the Borrower is such that the property of the Borrower (and of each guarantor, if relevant) that is or should be available will be sufficient to repay the amount of each Debenture when it becomes due and payable.

This declaration has been made in accordance with a resolution of Directors on the 12th July 2018.



Director

ANTONINO GIOVANNI RUVOLO
37 REID STREET
WANGARATTA 3677



Director

KENNETH JAMES BUTTERWORTH
37 REID STREET
WANGARATTA 3677

Annexure "A"

ASIC Regulatory Guide 69: Debentures and Notes – improving disclosure for retail investors Disclosure against Benchmarks

PLEASE NOTE: These Quarterly figures used in this report are unaudited.

Please disclose whether the Borrower met each of the benchmarks outlined in ASIC's Regulatory Guide 69: Debentures – improving disclosure for retail investors during the quarter. Where the Borrower did not meet a benchmark during the quarter, please explain why that is.

1. Benchmark 1: Equity Ratio

ASIC's benchmark is that issuers should use the following equity ratio benchmarks:

- (a) where more than a minor part (e.g. 10%) of the issuer's activities is property development or lending funds directly or indirectly for property development – the issuer should maintain a minimum equity ratio of 20%;
- (b) in all other cases – the issuer should maintain a minimum equity ratio of 8%;
- (c) the issuer's equity ratio should be calculated as follows:
$$\frac{\text{Total Equity}}{\text{Total Liabilities} + \text{Total Equity}}$$
- (d) the issuer should disclose its comparative equity ratio from the prior year.

Win Securities Limited **complies** with ASIC's benchmark with regards to equity capital. As at 30th June 2018 the Company's Equity Ratio was 8.80% - see 6. Financial Ratios.

Explanation - If the issuer has less equity capital invested in the business, there might be no safety margin to tide things over if the business runs into financial difficulties. It could also mean that the issuer has less incentive to operate the business prudently and responsibly because less of its own money is at risk.

As at the 30th June 2018 the Company's loans for property development represented approximately 9.16% by value of its total notes on issue. These figures will change over time. However, historically there have been occasions where property development has formed more than a minor part of the Company's activities.

If not, why not:

Prior to the introduction of the ASIC benchmarks, Win Securities Limited has always operated in accordance with its Trust Deed, which generally requires that it maintain capital of \$500,000.00 for the unrestricted issue of Winsec Notes. The Company maintains capital equity well in excess of this minimum requirement as prudent management of equity capital held (see figures below) as at 30th June in each of the last two years since 2016.

	Equity Capital	Equity Ratio
2017	\$3,905,158.00	8.62
2018	\$4,625,494.16	8.80 (from Company's own records)

However, where the Company makes loans for property development the loan to valuation ratio never exceeds 70%, of the "as if complete" valuation at the time of approval, and usually it is less. All lending for property development is made on a

progressive value basis with valuations or quantity surveyor reports obtained at various stages of the development.

The Company believes that its current policy ensures that it maintains an equity level adequate for the nature of its business. Nevertheless, it will increase its equity ratio nearer to the ASIC benchmark.

2. Benchmark 2: Liquidity

ASIC's benchmark is that all issuers should:

- (a) have cash flow estimates for the next three months; and
- (b) ensure that at all times they have cash or cash equivalents sufficient to meet their projected cash needs over the next three months.

All issuers should also disclose whether they would have cash on hand or cash equivalents sufficient to meet their projected cash needs if:

- (a) the percentage of note funds to be rolled over during the next three months were 20% less than the percentage that was rolled over in the past three months; or
- (b) for note funds that are held on an "at call" basis – the amount of note funds retained during the next three months were 20% less than the amount that was retained during the past three months.

Win Securities Limited **complies** with ASIC's benchmark with regards to liquidity.

Explanation – Liquidity is an important measure of the short-term financial health of an issuer or business. If the issuer has insufficient cash or liquid assets, it might be unable to meet its short-term obligations (eg: to run the business properly, pay interest, or pay investors their money back at the end of the term).

Win Securities Limited has a policy of maintaining a minimum 10% liquidity (expressed as a percentage of cash or cash equivalents over Winsec Note funds held). As at the 30th June 2018 the Company held liquidity of \$11,386,684.83 or 24.07% of Winsec Notes (this amount will change over time). The Company has not breached this policy since it commenced trading on the 1st July 1990.

In the event that the Company's liquidity nears 10%, the Company will stop lending until its liquidity level increases.

All loans advanced by the Company are repayable upon 30 days written notice by the Company to the Borrower. Accordingly, this would allow the Company under extreme circumstances the ability to call up loans to repay investor funds.

The experience of the Company has been that its liquidity level requirement is sufficient to meet its normal cash flow estimates for the next three months on a rolling three months basis.

From the Company's recent records the historical rollover rate of existing Winsec Note Holders from the 1st July 2017 to 30th June 2018 was 94.80% (which is subject to change). This figure is comparable to past historical figures. This rollover rate is taken into account in calculation of the Company's projected cash needs. In maintaining this liquidity level, the Company does not rely on any increase in the total level of Winsec Notes on issue.

The Company believes that its approach to liquidity and assumptions in calculating cash on hand or cash equivalents is sufficient to meet its projected cash needs if:

- (a) The percentage of Winsec Note funds to be rolled over during the next three months were 20% less than the percentage rolled over in the past three months; or
- (b) For Winsec Note funds that are held on a "31 Day Notice" basis, the amount of Winsec Note funds retained during the next three months were 20% less than the amount that was retained during the past three months.

When applying the above "liquidity stress test" based on the rollover rate, the Company would still have sufficient cash levels to meet its projected cash needs.

The calculation for the Company's projected cash needs is prepared on a quarterly basis and more often if required to assess the Company's financial resources.

The estimates under the benchmark can include a reasonable estimate by the issuer of "rollovers", redemption, payments of interest and repayments of debt based on its previous experience, but not new fundraising.

3. Benchmark 3: Rollovers

ASIC's benchmark is that issuers shall clearly disclose their approach to rollovers including:

- (a) what process is followed at the end of the investment term; and
- (b) how they inform those rolling over or making further investments of any current Prospectus and continuous disclosure announcements.

Win Securities Limited **complies** with ASIC's benchmark with regards to rollovers.

Prior to the maturity of existing Winsec Notes, Noteholders will be sent a pre-maturity letter approximately two weeks before maturity, offering the opportunity to re-invest for a further term on current interest rates and term.

The pre-maturity letter will also state that the current Prospectus (and any relevant ongoing disclosures) are available to Noteholders from the Company's website (www.winsec.com.au) and if investors do not have access to the website, that they may request a hard copy, free of charge, of these documents. In cases where no instructions are received, the Company will renew the investment for a similar term at the current rate of interest for that term. A new "Certificate of Winsec Notes" will then issue.

The Company believes its practices meet the requirement of the relevant ASIC benchmark, which can be summarised as being that the Company must disclose its approach to handling the maturity of Winsec Notes investments and later maturities in the case of no instructions being provided at the time of maturity by the holders.

4. Benchmark 4: Debt Maturity

ASIC's benchmark is that all issuers should disclose:

- (a) an analysis of the maturity profile of interest bearing liabilities (including notes on issue) by term and value; and
- (b) the interest rates, or average interest rates, applicable to their debts.

Win Securities Limited **complies** with ASIC's benchmark with regard to debt maturity.

This table represents the total value and investment maturity profile of investors funds held by the Company as at the 30th June 2018.

'31 Day Notice' investments	3,718,614.19
'Fixed Term' investments due before the 30/6/18	20,715,318.47
'Fixed Term' investments due between 01/07/18 and 31/3/19	19,829,568.03
'Fixed Term' investments due after the 01/04/19	3,049,617.49
Total interest-bearing liabilities	\$47,313,118.18

Winsec Notes Issued:

Terms of Winsec Notes Total Amount on Issue:

31 Days	3,718,614.19	7.86%
60 Days	241,531.58	0.51%
90 Days	7,197,420.43	15.21%
6 Months	11,789,935.92	24.92%
12 Months	16,992,639.26	35.92%
24 Months	6,651,294.64	14.06%
36 Months	721,682.16	1.53%
Total:	\$47,313,118.18	100.00%

The Company reserves the right to redeem early any notes by giving 31 days notice to the holder and redemption may be with or without a premium. The average interest rate applicable to the above interest-bearing liabilities as at the 30th June 2018 was 3.460% p.a. The average interest rate and the amount of interest bearing liabilities will change over time.

5. Benchmark 5: Loan Portfolio

ASIC's benchmark is that issuers who directly on-lend funds, or indirectly on-lend funds through a related party, should disclose the current nature of their (or the related party's) loan portfolio, including:

- (a) how many loans they have and the value of those loans;
- (b) an analysis of the maturity profile of interest bearing assets (including loan portfolio) by term and value;
- (c) the interest rates, or average interest rates, applicable to the assets;
- (d) by number and value, the loans they have by class of activity and geographic region;
- (e) an analysis (number of loans, value of loans, value of principal and/or interest) of those loans more than 30 days past due and renegotiated loans;
- (f) by number and value, what proportion of the total loan money is lent on a "secured" basis and what is the nature of the security;
- (g) by number and value, what proportion of the total loan money they have lent to their largest borrower and their ten largest borrowers; and
- (h) by number, value and percentage, what loans are subject to legal proceedings.

Win Securities Limited **complies** with ASIC's benchmark with regards to its loan portfolio.

Explanation – Is the issuer's loan portfolio heavily concentrated into a small number of loans, or loans to a small number of borrowers? If so, there is a higher risk that a single negative event affecting one loan will put the overall portfolio (and investors' money) at risk.

The more diversified a loan portfolio is, the lower the risk that an adverse event affecting one borrower or one type of loan will simultaneously affect the majority of borrowers.

As at the 30th June 2018 the total number of loans advanced by the Company was 74. The total value of these loans was \$38,323,135.37. The total value of our other interest bearing assets being Bank/Liquidity is \$11,386,684.83, the combination of these 2 figures represents the company's total interest bearing assets (see below). This amount will change over time. All loans are advanced by the Company on a "secured" basis by a registered first mortgage over real property (and, if applicable, a mortgage of an associated water share/s) and chattel mortgages secured by plant and equipment.

Loan Portfolio:

Residential	\$	22,904,929.70	46.08%
Commercial	\$	9,633,398.28	19.38%
Development	\$	3,260,617.99	6.56%
Rural	\$	635,186.26	1.28%
Industrial	\$	1,779,273.98	3.58%
Chattel Mortgages	\$	109,729.16	0.22%

Other Assets:

Bank/Liquidity	\$	11,386,684.83	22.91%
Total:	\$	49,709,820.20	100.00 %

The above table represents the composition of the Company's investment portfolio by dollar value per class of activity and also as a percentage of the total portfolio. This mix will change over time.

Term of Investment:

At Call	\$	2,371,529.44
Due in 31 days to less than 90 days	\$	44,065,546.04
Due in less than 3 years	\$	3,049,617.49
Total:	\$	49,709,820.20

The average weighted interest rate on the Company's investment portfolio is 6.86%. This rate will change over time. All loans advanced by the Company are repayable upon 30 days written notice by the Company to the Borrower, except for chattel mortgages, which are repayable in less than 3 years.

The above table represents the maturity profile of the Company's interest bearing assets by term and value as at 30th June 2018. This mix will change over time.

Residential	33	44.59%
Commercial	17	22.97%
Development	5	6.76%
Rural	6	8.11%
Industrial	4	5.41%
Chattel Mortgages	9	12.16%
Total	74	100.00%

The above table represents the number of loans advanced for each property type offered as security and also shows each number as a percentage of the total number of loans advanced as at 30 June 2018. This mix will change over time.

Metropolitan Victoria	\$24,962,101.93	65.14%
Regional Victoria	\$12,464,033.43	32.52%
Regional New South Wales	\$ 897,000.01	2.34%
Total	\$38,323,135.37	100.00 %

The above table represents the total dollar value of loans advanced by geographic region and also shows each amount as a percentage of the total amount of loans advanced as at 30th June 2018. This mix will change over time.

Metropolitan Victoria	30	40.54%
Regional Victoria	43	58.11%
Regional New South Wales	1	1.35%
Total	74	100.00%

The above table represents the number of loans advanced by geographic region and also shows each number as a percentage of the total number of loans advanced as at 30th June 2018. This mix will change over time.

As at 30th June 2018 the Company had advanced one loan totaling \$1,669,791.93 to its largest borrower which represents 4.36 % of the total loans advanced in dollar terms and 1.35% of the total number of loans advanced.

As at 30th June 2018 the Company had advanced \$14,140,098.57 to its ten largest borrowers which represents 36.90% of the total loans advanced in dollar terms and 13.51% of the total number of loans advanced.

Loans in Arrears:

As at 30th June 2018 the Company had advanced 1 loan totaling \$170,803.09 which was more than one month past due.

Loan No:	Original Loan Limit:	Loan Balance:	Days in Arrears:	Amount in Arrears:
50058	\$192,000.00	\$170,803.09	31	\$1,949.89

Loans Subject to Legal Proceedings:

As at 30th June 2018 the Company had one loan totaling \$1,634,155.70 which were subject to legal proceedings, which represents 4.26% of the total loans advanced in dollar terms and 1.35% of the total number of loans advanced. Loan due for settlement on the 26th September 2018.

6. Benchmark 6: Related Party Transactions

ASIC's benchmark is that issuers who on-lend funds should disclose their approach to related party transactions, including:

- (a) how many loans they have made to related parties;
- (b) the value of those loans;
- (c) the value of loans as a percentage of total assets; and
- (d) the assessment and approval process they follow with related party loans when loans are advanced, varied or extended (e.g. are they subject to the approval of the Trustee?)

Win Securities Limited **complies** with ASIC's benchmark with regards to related party transactions.

Explanation – The risk with related party transactions is that they might not be made with the same rigor and independence as transactions made on an arm's-length commercial basis.

There is a greater risk of the loans defaulting and, therefore, investors' money is at greater risk if the issuer has a high number of loans to related parties and the assessment and approval process for these loans is not independent.

The Company does not have any loans to related parties.

The Company has a policy that it does not make loans to the Directors, Secretaries, Shareholders or staff members or other related parties of the Company.

7. Benchmark 7: Valuations

ASIC's benchmark is that where issuers (directly or indirectly) on-lend money in relation to property related activities, it should take the following approach to obtaining and relying upon valuations:

- (a) properties (i.e. real estate) should be valued on an "as is" and (for development property) an "as if complete" basis;

- (b) development properties should be re-valued at least every 12 months unless the funds are retained by the issuer and only released in stages to cover project completion costs;
- (c) issuers should have a clear policy on how often they obtain valuations, including how recent a valuation has to be when they make a new loan;
- (d) issuers should establish a panel of valuers and ensure that no single valuer conducts more than one-third of the total number of valuations obtained; and
- (e) the appointment of valuers should be with the Trustees' consent.

Issuers should also include information about the valuation of a particular property in the issuer's prospectus where:

- (a) the property accounts for 5% or more of the total value of property assets of the issuer;
- (b) the property accounts for 5% or more of the total value of property assets of a related party through which the issuer has indirectly on-lent money;
- (c) a loan secured against the property accounts for 5% or more of the total value of the issuer's loan book; or
- (d) a loan secured against the property accounts for 5% or more of the total value of the loan book of a related party through which the issuer has indirectly on-lent money.

Win Securities Limited does **comply** with ASIC's benchmark with respect to valuations.

Explanation – If the issuer does not include information about valuations in the prospectus, it will be more difficult for investors to assess how risky the investment is. Keeping valuations up-to-date and shared among a panel means they are more likely to be accurate and independent.

The current Trust Deed requirements allow for the Company to rely on a valuation from "an approved valuer" which may include an independent and duly qualified valuer approved by the Trustee or a valuer-general or corresponding official (a municipal valuer) when approving mortgage finance. The Company will lend up to 50% of a municipal valuation where the property is known to a director, or where it is supported by an arm's length purchase, the Company will lend up to 50% of the lesser of the valuation or purchase price.

The Company's policy is to assess each Loan Application independently on its own merits and in doing so will take into consideration the adequacy and age of each valuation as part of the loan approval process.

When approving a mortgage loan the Company reserves the right to obtain on any future dates an up to date valuation of the property or properties offered as security at the borrower's expense. The Company may exercise this option at its discretion during the term of a loan.

The Company will generally instruct a valuer local to the area in which the secured property is located, thus utilising the valuer's local knowledge and expertise.

Where the loan involves development property, funds are retained by the Company and are released only in stages to cover project completion costs.

Independent and duly qualified valuers are appointed with consent of the Trustee, other than where the Company uses municipal valuation.

As at 30th June 2018 the Company had no loans that were 5% or more of the value of its loan book.

8. Benchmark 8: Lending Principles - Loan to Valuation Ratios

ASIC's benchmark is that where an issuer (directly or indirectly) on-lends money in relation to property-related activities, it should maintain the following loan-to valuation ratios:

- (a) where the loan relates to property development – 70% on the basis of the latest complying valuation; and
- (b) in all other cases – 80% on the basis of the latest complying valuation.

Where the loan relates to property development by a second person (even if related to the issuer), the issuers should ensure that funds raised by the issue of notes are only provided to the developer in stages, based on external evidence of the progress of the development.

Win Securities Limited does **comply** with ASIC's benchmark with regard to lending principles – loan to valuation ratios.

Explanation – A high loan-to-valuation ratio means that the investment is more vulnerable to changing market conditions, such as a downturn in the property market. Therefore, the risk of investors losing their money could be higher.

The Company's loan-to-valuation ratio is limited to 70% for all loans but under the Company's Trust Deed dated 1st December 1999 it may advance funds in excess of 80% but only with the benefit of Lender's Mortgage Insurance on such amount. (Lender's Mortgage Insurance is an insurance policy which protects the Company from incurring a loss on a loan in the event of a default). It is only when the Company lends more than 70% of the valuation that the Company does not comply with this benchmark. As at the date of this Prospectus the Company has not advanced funds in excess of 70% of a valuation.

All lending for property development is made on a progressive value basis with valuations or quantity surveyor reports obtained at various stages of the development and do not exceed 70% of the "as if complete" valuation at the time of approval.

Annexure "B"
WIN Securities Limited

Quarter End 30th June 2018

1. The Balance Sheet of the Company is as follows:-

Assets	Previous Quarter	%	Current Quarter	%
Cash & deposits 31 Day Notice	2,548,252.64	5.12	2,594,656.67	4.94
Other Authorised Investments	9,051,568.09	18.20	8,792,028.16	16.74
Real Property #	2,490,000.57	5.01	2,490,000.57	4.74
Secured lending (excluding Prop. Dev.)	32,201,799.13	64.73	33,989,821.46	67.70
Property Development lending	3,134,725.25	6.30	4,333,313.91	8.25
Intangible assets	16,882.89	0.03	16,882.89	0.03
Other (balance)	303,626.89	0.61	316,610.60	0.60
Lending Risk Reserves				
Total Assets	49,746,855.46	100	52,533,314.26	100
Liabilities				
Debenture note holders	44,580,836.56	98.36	47,313,118.18	98.76
Other liabilities	742,095.76	1.64	594,701.92	1.24
Total Liabilities	45,322,932.32	100	47,907,820.10	100
Net Assets				
Equity				
Contributed equity	615,932.00	13.92	615,932.00	13.316
Preference Shares	800,000.00	18.08	800,000.00	17.295
Share Premium Reserve	(47,220.40)	-1.07	(47,220.40)	-1.021
Asset Revaluation Reserves	8,795.00	0.20	8,795.00	0.190
Accumulated profits/losses	3,046,416.54	68.86	3,248,037.33	70.220
Lending Risk Reserves	0.00		(49.77)	-0.000
Total Equity less Lending Risk	4,423,923.14	100	4,625,494.16	100

limited to 10% of monies deposited

2. The Lending portfolio as at this quarter end is as follows:-

Number of loans	74
Average loan size	\$517,880.21
Number of loans that comprise more than 10% of the Principal Moneys to any one party or associated party.	NIL
Value of loans that comprise more than 10% of the Principal Moneys to any one party or associated party.	NIL
Longest term to loan maturity	The term of the loan ends ninety (90) days after the date of the first advance but can continue and after that date the loan will become repayable on us giving thirty (30) days notice
Average term to loan maturity	The term of the loan ends ninety (90) days after the date of the first advance but can continue and after that date the loan will become repayable on us giving thirty (30) days notice
Longest term for chattel mortgages	Less than 3 years
Average interest rate charged to Borrowers	8.292%
Average loan to value ratio	58.24%
Average Profit Margin	3.743%

3. **Total Loan Portfolio by Security Type as at this quarter end is as follows:-**

Security Type *	No.	\$	%
Residential	33	22,904,929.70	59.77
Commercial	17	9,633,398.28	25.14
Development	5	3,260,617.99	8.51
Rural	6	635,186.26	1.66
Industrial	4	1,779,273.98	4.64
Chattel Mortgages	9	109,729.16	0.29
Total	74	38,323,135.37	100.00

* Please add other types as required

4. **Total Secured Property/Loan Portfolio by State/Territory as at this quarter end is as follows:-**

State / Territory	Loan Portfolio			Secured Property	
	No.	\$	%	\$	%
NSW	1	897,000.01	2.35	1,380,000.00	2.10
QLD					
VIC	73	37,426,135.36	97.65	64,416,620.00	97.90
WA					
SA					
TAS					
ACT					
NT					
Total	74	38,323,135.37	100	65,796,620.00	100

5. **Level of Arrears for the Loan Portfolio (provide details of loans in arrears)**

Loan No.	Loan Balance \$	No. of days in arrears > 30 days	Amount of Arrears in excess \$1,000	Value of Security \$	Current Valuation Date	LVR %
50261	1,634,155.70	606	234,155.70	3,685,000	11.10.12	44.35
50058	170,803.09	1	1,949.89	380,000	06.09.01	44.95

6. Financial Ratios

Ratio	Previous Quarter End	This Quarter End
Working capital Ratio (times)	1.15	1.17
Debt to Equity Ratio (times)	10.24 to 1	10.36 to 1
Interest cover (Interest revenue over interest expense) Ratio (times)	2.59 to 1	2.53 to 1
The amount Total Tangible Assets exceeds Total External Liabilities (Clause 8)	4,375,403.32	4,608,561.50
The amount Total Tangible Assets exceeds Total External Liabilities as a percent. (Clause 8)	9.72%	9.62%
The amount Total External Liabilities are below Total Tangible Assets as a percent. (Clause 11)	91.39%	91.61
Equity Ratio- Total Equity divided by Total Liabilities + Total Equity Ratio (RG 69)	8.89%	8.80%;

